

This indigenous vegetation list is a guide to assist in selecting plants suitable for growing in the St Hellier area. The list is based on the ecological vegetation classes (EVC) appropriate to the area. EVC's are useful in identifying the plant species suitable to area and specific growing conditions. To find out about your specific EVC, check the Biodiversity interaction map link: http://vro.agriculture.vic.gov.au/dpi/vro/wgregn.nsf/pages/wg_vegetation_res_evc_descriptions

The EVC's for this area are:

EVC 16 – Lowland Forest

EVC 23 – Herb-rich Foothill Forest

The list of plants below are the recommended species for your area. The list may not include all the species listed in the EVC's due to growing conditions in your area and/or the degree of difficulty to source.

There are a number of local nurseries that supply these species.

Trees

Common Name	Scientific Name
Messmate stringybark	<i>Eucalyptus oblique</i>
Narrow-leaf peppermint	<i>Eucalyptus radiata s.l</i>

Large Shrub or Understorey Tree

Common Name	Scientific Name
Blackwood	<i>Acacia melanoxylon</i>

Medium Shrub

Common Name	Scientific Name
Common heath	<i>Epacris impressa</i>
Heath tea-tree	<i>Leptospermum myrsinoides</i>
Hop wattle	<i>Acacia stricta</i>
Prickly tea-tree	<i>Leptospermum continentale</i>
Silver banksia	<i>Banksia Marginata</i>

Small Shrub

Common Name	Scientific Name
Broom spurge	<i>Amperea xiphoclada</i> var. <i>xiphoclada</i>

Herbs

Common Name	Scientific Name
Ivy-leaf violet	<i>Viola hederacea</i> sensu Willis (1972)

Scrambler or Climber

Common Name	Scientific Name
Common apple-berry	<i>Billardiera scandens</i>
Mountain clematis	<i>Clematis aristata</i>

Grasses

There are many different types of grasses indigenous to this area. Here is a short list of suggestions.

Common Name	Scientific Name
Kangaroo grass	<i>Themeda triandra</i>
Spiny-headed mat-rush	<i>Lomandra longifolia</i>
Tussock grass	<i>Poa labillardieri</i>
Wattle mat-rush	<i>Lomandra filiformis</i>

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